

Regarding the re-testing of adulterated specimens:

The second option allows for the subject to request that the split specimen be tested at a second lab. A concern is that the adulterant may degrade over time and that the split test will not show the adulterant. I suggest that if the split specimen does not confirm the presence of the adulterant that the specimen could then be tested for the NIDA 5 drugs. If the adulterant has degraded, then the specimen can be tested accurately for the presence of drugs. If drugs are detected then the original sample could be used for re-test if the subject requests.